

## HUERTA GETS LOAN OF FOREIGN BANKS

Financial Group With Headquarters at Paris Gives Aid to Mexican Government.

## ZAPATA ISSUES A THREAT

Rebel Leader Declares It His Intention to Hang Provisional President and Blanquet as Traitors, Cabinet to Be Shot.

Mexico City, Dec. 22.—Arrest of many prominent Mexicans was ordered by the government on the charge that they were plotting with the revolutionists to betray the capital.

Among those seized was Juan Pedro Didaph, former consul at Richmond, Va.

Paris, Dec. 22.—The underwriting by an international group of bankers of a loan to the Mexican government, sufficient to meet the bond interest payments falling due in January, was arranged through the Banque de Paris et des Pays Bas.

The group is composed of Paris, London and New York bankers, and includes Speyers of New York.

The Paris banks will not advance more than their proportionate share of the amount underwritten by the group.

The negotiations were conducted here, but the amount of the loan and the terms on which it is to be advanced were not disclosed.

Zapata Threat to Hang Huerta. Mexico City, Dec. 22.—More of the ferocious temper animated the Mexican combatants has been shown by the latest official utterance of Emiliano Zapata, the rebel leader, in which he says:

"The traitors, Huerta and Blanquet, after a very short process, will be publicly degraded and hanged from the balconies of the national palace as a warning to all. The rest of the cabinet will be shot after being judged."

This sentence passed on the executive and his official family in a circular dated Milpa Alta, December 16, was addressed to the inhabitants of the City of Mexico.

Zapata says that at a war council it was resolved to take the city by fire and sword "on a day which, for the better success of the assault, is to be unknown until the moment the fight begins."

Respect Lives of Foreigners.

The circular continues:

"The lives and interests of foreigners will be respected, if they remain neutral. Only those who have had direct participation in the politics of the country will be punished after being given a trial. Severe justice will be done all the enemies of our cause who are found guilty by the military authorities appointed for the purpose. The property of those sentenced will be applied to the maintenance of the army."

"All officers and chiefs of the so-called federal army will be shot without trial, as they are the only ones sustaining the usurper. If they surrender before the fight begins the lives of those not responsible for other crimes will be respected."

"Five days will be allowed in which the inhabitants of the city who so desire may withdraw from the horrors of the fight. All executions will be public—in the Plaza de la Constitución (in front of the palace)."

Son of General Kidnaped.

El Paso, Tex., Dec. 22.—The El Paso police have been asked to search for a son of Gen. Ynez Salazar of the Mexican federal army. When the refugees reached Ojinaga, the family of the general came to El Paso. His wife reported his son had been kidnaped by rebel sympathizers.

## DUNNE GIVES FUNK A JOB

Former Progressive Candidate for Governor of Illinois to Go on Utilities Commission.

Springfield, Ill., Dec. 22.—By the appointment of Frank H. Funk of Bloomington to one of the minority places on the railroad and warehouse commission, with the understanding that he will become a minority member of the utilities commission on January 1, Governor Dunne took a long step toward the encouragement and perpetuity of the Progressive party. The position is one of the best in the gift of the governor and this recognition of the Bull Moose will aid them in the next campaign. Funk has the support of practically all the down state progressives.

## DISMISS SUIT FOR \$100,000

Case Against Corn Products Refining Co. Involving Depreciation of Stock Is Thrown Out.

Chicago, Dec. 22.—Federal Judge Geiger, of Milwaukee, sitting here dismissed the suit of Attorney George F. Harding against the Corn Products Refining company, in which Harding demanded \$100,000 on account of the depreciation of stock he held in the company. The court held that there was no basis for the complaint that the reorganization of the company had been manipulated so that the stock would decrease in value.

## HUERTA, MOHENO AND BLANQUET TAKE A RIDE



Our photograph shows General Huerta, Foreign Minister Moheno and General Blanquet riding through the streets of Mexico City on their way to a session of the national congress. Moheno sits at Huerta's left and Blanquet faces them.

## MICHIGAN COURT HIT

LEADER OF COPPER MINERS SAYS JUDGES OWN STOCK.

Appears Before House Body and Declares That Operators Have System of Peonage.

Washington, Dec. 19.—C. E. Mahoney of Denver, vice-president of the Western Federation of Miners, appeared on Wednesday before house committee on rules and charged that justices of the supreme court of Michigan are either stockholders in copper mines affected by the strike or are "keenly interested."

He gave this as the reason for his organization's appeal to congress for federal investigation of the copper strike. The McDonald resolution calling for the inquiry was before the committee.

Mahoney, who had been in the Calumet region since the trouble began, testified that the counsel employed by the union had advised against taking any action in the courts of the state. He said that no semblance of justice had been secured by the 16,000 men on strike when they appealed to the machinery of Michigan law. He described the situation in the copper country as one of prejudiced courts, packed juries and peonage. Large numbers of men, he said, were collected by employment agents in Chicago and New York under false representation that they were wanted to work in the lumber camps of northern Michigan.

Once on the cars they were put in charge of armed guards and rushed to the copper mines, where they were confined in strike-breakers' camps, still under the guns of their guards.

## IMPORTANT NEWS ITEMS

Council Bluffs, Ia., Dec. 18.—E. L. Wyant, motorman, was injured, perhaps fatally, and Grover Smith, a passenger, seriously crushed, while four others were painfully hurt in the collision of two cars here in a fog.

Washington, Dec. 19.—All proposed new expenditures of any consequence for the postal service were stricken from the post office appropriation bill by the house committee. Among the items lost is the \$2,000,000 increase in pay for rural mail carriers. The bill carries about \$300,000,000.

Glasgow, Dec. 18.—The unionist candidate, W. Watson, won the bye-election for the South Lanarkshire seat in parliament left vacant by the death of Sir Walter Menzies, a liberal home ruler.

Washington, Dec. 19.—An investigating committee appointed by Secretary McAdoo completed a report repudiating charges of wholesale graft in the purchase of government supplies involving millions of dollars.

Washington, Dec. 20.—Senator William Stone of Missouri is confined to his hotel by a severe attack of bronchitis. Senator Reed announced in the senate that Senator Stone would not be able to return for several days.

Illinois Editor Is a Suicide.

Aurora, Ill., Dec. 20.—Joseph Nolan, editor and owner of the Chieftain of Shabbona, Ill., was found hanging in his printing plant by his sixteen-year-old daughter, Blanche. Ill health caused his act.

Wilson Invited to Unveiling.

Washington, Dec. 20.—Senator Hoke Smith of Georgia presented to the president and Mrs. Wilson an invitation to attend the unveiling of a Civil war monument at Savannah, Ga., next April.

## FIRE ON U. S. MEN

MEXICAN FEDERAL SOLDIER SLAIN IN FIGHT ON THE BORDER.

## SHOOT WHEN TOLD TO HALT

Huerta Troops Cross Line Near Presidio, Texas, and Hide in Building Until American Force Dislodges Them—Battle Follows.

Torres, Sonora, Dec. 22.—Ten officers and more than 600 troops of the federal garrison at Guaymas surrendered to the insurgents at Maytorena, Friday. A special train was sent to Maytorena to convey the former federalists to Hermosillo.

It was said the capitulation of Guaymas was expected.

This news followed the report that the entire Tenth battalion of infantry of the federal army had been disarmed by General Ojeda, federal commander of Guaymas, who discovered a plot of the men and officers to desert to the constitutionalist side.

Presidio, Tex., Dec. 20.—Shots exchanged between Mexican and American soldiers on the international line, two miles west of Presidio, resulted on Thursday in the death of Lois Orozco, a regular of General Mercado's federal Mexican army.

The Mexicans fired the first shots. Orozco, who lived several hours, admitted after being shot that he and his companions had crossed to the American side with a note and fired when halted by the American sentries.

Eye-witnesses say the American soldiers on patrol were informed that Mexican soldiers were hiding in a hut on the American side, 300 yards from the river. The Americans went toward the hut to investigate. Two Mexicans rushed out of the hut and ran toward the river. The patrol called to them to halt and the shooting followed.

City of Mexico, Dec. 20.—Emiliano Zapata narrowly escaped capture at a ranch at Nenepapa, 18 miles from Mexico City, early in the day. With a bodyguard of 300 men he was surprised by federal troops from Toluca, but fled after a hard fight.

Gen. Guadencio de La Llave is reported to have mutilated with 600 federalists at Axochiapau and to be marching on Cuantla. He was one of those in the plot to kill Madero.

Chihuahua, Dec. 20.—Gen. Francisco Villa issued notice on Thursday that he would guarantee the right of all foreigners and all Mexicans who have given no support to the Huerta government.

General Villa wished it to be known that he was in accord with the wishes of the United States that the persons and property of foreigners be respected.

Washington, Dec. 19.—Through his confidential agency General Carranza served notice Wednesday on officials in New York and elsewhere who are responsible for the operations of the Mexican railways that they and their agents and employees will be held to a strict accountability for their acts in Mexico.

Mormon Is Slain by Bandits.

Juarez, Mex., Dec. 20.—William Sevey, a Mormon resident of one of the mountain colonies in Chihuahua, was executed Wednesday by members of Maximo Castillo's band, because he did not pay them \$200.

New Hyde Trial January 3.

Kansas City, Mo., Dec. 20.—Dr. B. C. Hyde will be tried a fourth time for the murder of Colonel Swope. Assurances were given by the court that expenses would be paid. The case is set for January 3.

## AVIATORS ROUT MOORS

OPEN WAY FOR SPANISH INFANTRY WITH RAIN OF BOMBS.

Both Sides Lose Heavily—American Experts Say Battle Proves Aeroplane's Value.

Madrid, Dec. 20.—Moorish tribesmen were routed with heavy loss by the Spanish troops at Muley Abeslam, Spanish Morocco, Thursday.

Spanish military aviators threw the Moors into disorder with showers of bombs.

The Spaniards attacked the Moors with a brigade of sharpshooters, a battalion of infantry, four batteries of artillery and a large body of native auxiliaries. When the order for the general advance of the Spanish column was given the advance guard discovered several thousand Moorish mountaineers concealed in the irregularities of the ground. A flotilla of military aviators sent to reconnoiter, by means of flag signals guided the column of Spanish troops. A heavy artillery fire was opened by the Spaniards without effect.

The aviators then ascended to an altitude out of range of rifle fire and flew directly over the places where the Moors were in the greatest numbers. Then came the dispatches to the Spanish war office describing as a "veritable rain of bombs, tossed by hand by the aviators into the midst of the Moors."

After this bombardment the Spanish infantry charged with the bayonet and dislodged the Moors from their positions, causing them to flee in great disorder, leaving large numbers of dead and wounded on the field.

## DEATH CALLS NOTED PRELATE

Cardinal Rampolla, Who Possessed Large Wealth, and Gave With Liberality, Expires.

Rome, Dec. 18.—Cardinal Rampolla, formerly papal secretary of state and at the death of Pope Leo XIII. the man most widely discussed as possible successor, died here on Tuesday. The cardinal was an Italian nobleman, being in addition to his position as a prince of the Roman Catholic church, Marquis del Tindaro. The cardinal was active as papal secretary of state in the negotiations by which Leo XIII. sought to prevent war between the United States and Spain over Cuba by urging Spain to recall General Weyler and grant autonomy to the Cubans. The cardinal's attitude was one of friendliness toward the United States.

## THIRTY-EIGHT MINERS PERISH

Black Damp Causes Disaster in Colorado Coal Mine—Only Two Found Alive.

New Castle, Colo., Dec. 18.—An explosion of black damp in the Vulcan mine of the Rocky Mountain Fuel company, one and one-half miles east of here, entombed L. L. Crawford, mine foreman; L. Walker, fire boss, and 38 miners on Tuesday.

Of the 40 men composing the day shift at work only two, W. J. Finley and John Dawson, escaped.

P. O. Robbed of \$900.

Milton, Ind., Dec. 20.—The drug store owned by Postmaster Ingalls and the Milton postoffice were robbed during the night of \$600 in cash and \$200 in stamps. The thieves left no clew for the local police to work on.

Reserve Decision in Gunmen's Case.

Albany, N. Y., Dec. 20.—Arguments in the appeal for a new trial of the four gunmen convicted of complicity in the murder of Herman Rosenthal were concluded in the court of appeals. Decision was reserved.

## CURRENCY BILL WINS DEATH SENTENCE

SENATE PASSES CURRENCY MEASURE BY VOTE OF 54 TO 34.

## 6 REPUBLICANS FAVOR ACT

Contains Provision That Banks Must Accept Within Sixty Days of Its Passage—Reserve Districts Eight to Twelve—Now Goes to House.

Washington, Dec. 20.—The new currency bill was passed by the senate on Friday by a vote of 54 to 34. It was backed by the solid Democratic vote and six Republicans.

The essential features of the currency bill as it passed the senate are as follows:

Secretary of the treasury and two members of the federal reserve board constitute the organization committee.

The committee is to designate not less than eight nor more than 12 reserve districts, in each of which a federal reserve bank is to be established.

Every national bank is required and every eligible bank in the United States and every trust company in the District of Columbia is authorized to signify in writing within sixty days after the passage of the act its acceptance of its terms.

National banks are required and others are permitted to subscribe to the capital stock of the reserve banks in a sum equal to six per cent. of the capital and surplus of such banks, one-sixth to be payable on call, one-sixth within three months and one-sixth within six months, the remainder subject to call.

Any national bank failing to signify its intention to accept the terms of this act shall cease to act as a reserve agent upon 30 days' notice.

Any national bank failing within one year to comply with any of the provisions of the act will forfeit its charter and privileges under the national bank act.

If the stock subscription by the banks is not sufficient in the judgment of the federal reserve board to provide proper capital the stock may be offered to the public, the maximum subscription being \$10,000. Minimum capital of reserve banks is fixed at \$3,000,000.

Each reserve bank must establish reserve branches within its federal reserve district at such places as are approved by the federal reserve board.

There shall be nine directors holding office for three years, divided into three classes, three to be chosen by the banks and the representatives of the stock-holding banks, three chosen by the banks who at the time of their election shall be actively engaged in their district in commerce, agriculture or some other industrial pursuit, and three designated by the federal reserve board. One of the last-named class is to be designated by the federal board as chairman of the board of directors of the reserve bank. No director of the last two named classes can be a director, officer, employee or stockholder of any bank.

After all expenses have been met, stockholders in reserve banks will receive a six per cent. dividend, which shall be cumulative. One-half the net earnings above the expenses and dividend is to be paid into a surplus fund until that fund amounts to 40 per cent. of the paid in capital.

Of the remaining half of the excess half 50 per cent. shall be paid to the United States as a franchise tax and one-half to the United States as trustee for the benefit of depositors in failed member banks.

The federal reserve board shall consist of seven members, including the secretary of the treasury as an ex-officio member and six members appointed by the president, to be confirmed by the senate. They are to be selected with due regard to a fair representation of the different geographical divisions of the country. Their salary is fixed at \$12,000 a year and the terms are six years.

Among the powers vested in the federal reserve board are: To require reserve banks to discount the discounted paper of other federal reserve banks at rates of interest to be fixed each week or oftener; to suspend for a period not exceeding thirty days and from time to time renew suspension for persons not exceeding fifteen days, any reserve requirement specified in the act; to authorize members to use reserves, federal reserve notes based on United States bonds to the extent that the board may find necessary; to grant to national banks applying therefor the right to act as trustee, executor, administrator or registrar of stocks and bonds.

Cardinal Martinelli Is Ill.

Rome, Italy, Dec. 22.—Cardinal Sebastian Martinelli, who was papal delegate in the United States from 1896 to 1902, is seriously ill. The cardinal, who is sixty-five years old, is prefect of the sacred congregation of rites.

Judge Frees Accused Wife.

Chicago, Dec. 22.—The case of Mrs. Alice Davis Sing, charged with the murder of her Chinese husband, Charles Sing, was taken from the jury on motion of the defense, and Mrs. Sing was discharged.

Jack Johnson Is Hissed.

Paris, Dec. 22.—Jack Johnson, negro pugilist, outpointed Jim Johnson, a second rate, in a ten-round bout. The contest was farcical and the spectators showed their disapproval by booing and hissing.

OF REBELS FOUND LOOTING FOR EIGNERS' PROPERTY—VILLA BOWS TO WILL OF AMERICA.

Band Is Put To Death for Violating Order—Confiscation of Goods of Spaniards Stops.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Chihuahua, Mexico.—Gen. Francisco Villa has bowed to the will of the United States. The rebel general issued the following statement:

"Any one who hereafter loots or molests property of foreigners or Mexicans will be executed. The right to confiscate property will rest only with the constitutional government."

As an example of showing his intention to maintain strict military discipline, Villa executed on the Plaza a band of rebels who had been found guilty by court-martial of sacking the home of a wealthy Mexican. While the six rebels were marched before the firing squad the stolen goods were returned to the owner. This action resulted from the protest of the United States against the seizure of Spanish property. Already great quantities of the goods valued at several million dollars had been utilized by the rebels. The remainder of the property is to be held pending an investigation whether the officers aided the Huerta government.

## SEVERAL HUNDRED KILLED.

Sydney, New South Wales.—Eight hundred natives of the Island of Ambrym, in the New Hebrides group, recently were killed by volcanic eruptions. Passengers on incoming steamers bring terrible details of the eruptions, describing them as having been so sudden and violent that they expected to see the entire western side of the island disappear. With a terrific roar, which was followed with a rapid succession of artillery-like detonations, all of the craters of the volcano entered into full activity, spouting flames and lava and throwing out boulders.

## MAKING ARMS FOR HUERTA.

Tokyo.—The arsenal at Tokyo is manufacturing a quantity of arms ordered by the Mexican government, which it is expected will be shipped at an early date. Japanese officials explain that this is merely a matter of business and is not indicative of any unfriendliness to the United States.

## PROTEST AGAINST DELAY.

New York.—The passengers of the liner Amerika, which arrived at quarantine, held a mass meeting in the ship's smoking room, at which a resolution protesting against the 12-hour delay in docking the vessel was adopted and later forwarded to the Hamburg-American line.

## CINCINNATI MARKETS

Corn—Old corn is quoted as follows: No. 2 white 77¢, No. 2 yellow 76½¢, No. 2 mixed 74½¢, No. 2 new corn is quoted as follows: No. 3 white 67¢, No. 4 white 65¢, No. 3 yellow 66½¢, No. 4 yellow 63¢, No. 3 mixed 66½¢, No. 4 mixed 63¢, yellow ear 66¢, mixed ear 63¢, white ear 63¢.

Hay—No. 1 timothy \$19, standard timothy \$18, No. 2 timothy \$17, No. 3 timothy \$15, No. 1 clover mixed \$15.75, No. 2 clover mixed \$13.75, No. 1 clover \$14, No. 2 clover \$12.

Cats—No. 2 white 44½¢, standard 44¢, No. 3 white 43½¢, No. 4 white 41¢, No. 3 mixed 41½¢, No. 4 mixed 40¢.

Poultry—Hens 12½¢, roosters 9½¢, springers 14¢, 15¢, spring ducks, white, 4 lbs and over, 14¢; ducks, under 4 lbs, 12¢; turkeys, toms, old, 10 lbs and over, 18¢; young turkeys, toms, old, 10 lbs and over, 18¢; young turkeys, 10 lbs and over, 18¢.

Eggs—Extras 38¢, firsts 34¢, seconds 28¢, fancy 24¢.

Cattle—Shippers \$6.50, extra \$7.75, good to choice \$6.50, extra \$7.50, good to choice \$6.50, extra \$7.25, common to fair \$4.75, extra \$5.25, common to fair \$4.75, extra \$5.50, common to fair \$3.25, extra \$3.50.

Bulls—Boilona 5.75, extra 6.25, fair 6.50, fat bulls 6.50.

Calves—Extra \$10.50, fair to good \$8.10, common and large \$5.10.

Hogs—Selected heavy \$7.70, good to choice packers and butchers \$7.55, 7.70, mixed packers \$7.60, 7.55, stags \$4.65, common to choice heavy fat sows \$4.25, light sows \$4.50.

Sheep—Extra \$4.25, good to choice \$3.85, common to fair \$2.50, 3.75.

Lambs—Extra \$7.50, good to choice \$6.75, 7.40, common to fair \$5.50, 6.65.

## CANNIBALS DEVOUR 16 PERSONS.

Brisbane, Australia.—Cannibals in Neumacklenburg, an island in the Bismarck archipelago, captured and massacred Dr. Delinger and another German scientist, together with 14 natives who accompanied them. The camp of the scientists was attacked and the 16 men captured. All were marched to the village occupied by the cannibals, and were murdered one by one. Before the slaughter the prisoners were tortured, and fires were built under huge pots, allowing the prisoners to see what was in store for them.